- SEC. 2. Time of assembly. The Senate and House of Representatives shall meet biennially on the first Wednesday after the first Monday in February next after their election, unless a different day shall be provided by law; and when assembled, shall be denominated the General Assembly. Neither house shall proceed upon public business unless a majority of all the members are actually present.
- SEC. 3. Number of Senators. The Senate shall be composed of fifty Senators, biennially chosen by ballot.
- SEC. 4. Senate Districts; Apportionment of Senators. The Senators shall be elected from districts. The General Assembly shall, at the first regular Session convening after the return of every decennial enumeration taken by order of Congress, revise the Senate Districts and the apportionment of Senators among those districts, subject to the following requirements:
- (1) Each Senator shall represent, as nearly as may be, an equal number of inhabitants, the number of inhabitants which each Senator represents being determined for this purpose by dividing the population of the district he represents by the number of Senators apportioned to that district;
- (2) Each Senate District shall at all times consist of contiguous territory;
  - (3) No county shall be divided in the formation of a Senate District;
- (4) When established, the Senate Districts and the apportionment of Senators shall remain unaltered until the return of another decennial enumeration taken by order of Congress.

The duty imposed upon the General Assembly by this Section shall continue until performed.

- SEC. 5. Number of Representatives. The House of Representatives shall be composed of 120 Representatives, biennially chosen by ballot.
- SEC. 6. Representative Districts; Apportionment of Representatives. The Representatives shall be elected from districts. The General Assembly shall, at the first regular Session convening after the return of every decennial enumeration taken by order of Congress, revise the Representative Districts and the apportionment of Representatives among those districts, subject to the following requirements:
- (1) Each Representative shall represent, as nearly as may be, an equal number of inhabitants, the number of inhabitants which each Representative represents being determined for this purpose by dividing the population of the district he represents by the number of Representatives apportioned to that district:
- (2) Each Representative District shall at all times consist of contiguous territory;
- (3) No county shall be divided in the formation of a Representative District;
- (4) When established, the Representative Districts and the apportionment of Representatives shall remain unaltered until the return of another decennial enumeration taken by order of Congress.